93d Congress

Senator Ervin

2d Session

#### MOTION AND AMENDMENTS

Mr. President, I move that the Senate agree to the engrossed amendments of the House to the bill (S. 3418) to establish a Privacy Protection Commission, to provide management systems in Federal agencies and certain other organizations with respect to the gathering and disclosure of information concerning individuals, and for other purposes, with the following amendments to such engrossed amendments:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House to the text of the bill, insert the following:

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That this Act may be cited as the "Privacy Act of 1974".

SEC. 2. (a) The Congress finds that—

- (1) the privacy of an individual is directly affected by the collection, maintenance, use, and dissemination of personal information by Federal agencies;
- (2) the increasing use of computers and sophisticated information technology, while essential to the efficient operations of the Government, has greatly magnified the harm to individual privacy that can occur from any collection, maintenance, use, or dissemination of personal information;
  - (3) the opportunities for an individual to secure

employment, insurance, and credit, and his right to due process, and other legal protections are endangered by the misuse of certain information systems;

- (4) the right to privacy is a personal and fundamental right protected by the Constitution of the United States; and
- (5) in order to protect the privacy of individuals identified in information systems maintained by Federal agencies, it is necessary and proper for the Congress to regulate the collection, maintenance, use, and dissemination of information by such agencies.
- (b) The purpose of this Act is to provide certain safeguards for an individual against an invasion of personal privacy by requiring Federal agencies, except as otherwise provided by law, to—
  - (1) permit an individual to determine what records pertaining to him are collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by such agencies;
  - (2) permit an individual to prevent records pertaining to him obtained by such agencies for, a particular purpose from being used or made available for another purpose without his consent;
  - (3) permit an individual to gain access to information pertaining to him in Federal agency records, to

have a copy made of all or any portion thereof, and to correct or amend such records:

- (4) collect, maintain, use, or disseminate any record of identifiable personal information in a manner that assures that such action is for a necessary and lawful purpose, that the information is current and accurate for its intended use, and that adequate safeguards are provided to prevent misuse of such information;
- (5) permit exemptions from the requirements with respect to records provided in this Act only in those cases where there is an important public policy need for such exemption as has been determined by specific statutory authority; and
- (6) be subject to civil suit for any damages which occur as a result of willful, arbitrary, or capricions action which violates any individual's rights under this Act.
- SEC. 3. Title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 552 the following new section:

"§ 552a. Records maintained on individuals

- "(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
- "(1) the term 'agency' means agency as defined in section 552(e) of this title;
- "(2) the term 'individual' means a citizen of the
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"(3) the term 'maintain' includes maintain, collect, use, or disseminate;

or grouping of information about an individual that is maintained by an agency, including, but not limited to, his education, financial transactions, medical history, criminal or employment records and that contains name, or the identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual, such as a finger or voice print or a photograph;

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- "(5) the term 'system records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual; and
- "(6) the term 'statistical research or reportion record' means a record in a system of records maintained for statistical research or reporting purposes only and not used in whole or in part in making any determination about an identifiable individual, except as provided by section 8 of title 13<sub>5</sub>

"(7) the term 'routine use' means, with respect the disclosure of a record, the use of such record f a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for w it was collected.

"(b) Conditions of Disclosure.—No agency shall disclose any record which is contained in a system of records by any means of communication to any person, or to another agency, except pursuant to a written request by, or with the prior written consent of, the individual to whom the record pertains, unless disclosure of the record would be—

"(1) to those officers and employees of the agency which maintains the record who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties;

"(2) required under section 552 of this title;

(a)(7) for a routine use as defined in subsection
(a)(7) of this section and described under subsection
(e)(4)(D) of this section;

"(3) to the Bureau of the Census for purposes of planning or carrying out a census or survey or related activity pursuant to the provisions of title 13;

"(f) to a recipient who has provided the agency with advance adequate written assurance that the record will be used solely as a statistical research or reporting

record, and the record is to be transferred in a form that Approved For Release 2002/01/28: CIA-RDP76M00527R000700150041-3 is not individually identifiable;

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civil or criminal

as a record which has sufficient historical or other value to warrant its continued preservation by the United States Government, or for evaluation by the Administrator of General Services or his designee to determine whether the record has such value;

"(\$\foralle{\epsilon}\) to another agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law, and if the head of

the activity is authorized by law, and if the head of the agency or instrumentality has made a written request to the agency which maintains the record specifying the particular portion desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought;

(7) to a person pursuant to a showing of compelling circumstances affecting the health or safety of an individual if upon such disclosure notification is transmitted to the last known address of such individual;

"(\$) to either House of Congress, or, to the extent of matter within its jurisdiction, any committee or subcommittee thereof, (6) any joint committee of Congress or subcommittee of any such joint committee; (6)

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"to the Comptroller General, or any of his authorized representatives, in the course of the performance of the duties of the General Accounting Office; or

jurisdiction.

agency, with respect to each system of records under its

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"(1) except for disclosures made under subsection

(b) (1) of this section for disclosures to the public from

records which by law or regulation are open to public

inspection or copying, keep an accurate accounting of-

"(A) the date, nature, and purpose of each disclosure of a record to any person or to an-

other agency made under subsection (b) of this section; and

"(B) the name and address of the person or Augency to whom the disclosure is made;

"(2) retain the accounting made under paragraph

(1) of this subsection for at least five years after the disclosure for which the accounting is made;

"(3) except for disclosures made under subsection
(b)(\$\frac{1}{2}\$) of this section, make the accounting made under paragraph (1) of this subsection available to the individual named in the record at his request; and

"(4) inform any person or other agency about any correction or notation of dispute made by the agency in accordance with subsection (d) of this section of any record that has been disclosed to the person or agency within two years preceding the making of the correction of the record of the individual, except that this paragraph shall not apply to any record that was disclosed prior to the effective date of this section or for which no accounting of the disclosure is required.

"(d) Access to Records.—Each agency that maintains a system of records shall—

"(1) upon request by any individual to gain access
to his record or to any information pertaining to him

y an accounting of the disclosure

which is contained in the system, permit
him and upon his request, a person of his
own choosing to accompany him, to review the
record and have a copy made of all or any
portion thereof in a form comprehensible to
him, except that the agency may require the
individual to furnish a written statement
authorizing discussion of that individual's
file in the accompanying person's presence;

- . "(2) permit the individual to request amendment of a record pertaining to him and--
  - "(A) not later than 10 days (excluding Saturdays, legal public Sundays, and/holidays) after the date of receipt of such request, acknowledge in writing such receipt; and "(B) promptly, either—
    - "(i) make any correction of any portion thereof which the individual believes is not accurate, relevant, timely, or complete; or
    - "(ii) inform the individual of its refusal to amend the record in accordance with his request the reason for the refusal, the procedures established by the agency for the individual to request a review of that refusal by the head of the agency or an officer designated by the head of the agency, and the name and business

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"(3) permit the individual who disagrees with the refusal of the agency to amend his record to request a review of such refusal, and not later than 30 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal public holidays) from the dat on which the individual requests such review, complete such

review and make a final determination unless, for good cause shown, the head of the agency extends such 30-day period; and if, after

the review, that official also refuses to amend the record in accordance with the request, permit the individual to file with the agency a concise statement setting forth the reasons for his disagreement with the refusal of the

agency, and notify the individual of the provisions for judicial review of that determination under subsection (g) (1) (A) of this section;

"(4) in any disclosure, containing information

about which the individual has filed a statement of disagreement, occurring after the filing of the statement under paragraph (3) of this subsection, clearly note any portion of the record which is disputed and, upon request, provide copies of the statement and, if the agency deems it appropriate, copies of a concise statement of the reasons of the agency for not making the amendments requested, to persons or other agencies to whom the disputed record has been disclosed; and

"(5) nothing in this section shall allow an individual access to any information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action or proceeding.

- "(e) AGENCY REQUIREMENTS.—Each agency that maintains a system of records shall—
  - "(1) maintain in its records only such information about an individual as is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose of the agency required to be accomplished by statute or by executive order of the President;
  - "(2) collect information to the greatest extent practicable directly from the subject individual when the information may result in adverse determinations about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under Federal programs;
    - "(1) inform each individual whom it asks to supply information, on the form which it uses to collect the information or on a separate form that can be retained by the individual—
      - "(A) the authority (whether granted by statute, or by executive order of the President) which authorizes the solicitation of the information and whether disclosure of such information is mandatory or voluntary;

"(B) the principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used;

"(C) routine uses which may be made of the information

 $\widehat{p_{ay}}$  be used) as published pursuant to paragraph (k)(D) of this subsection; and

"(D) the effects on him, if any, of not providing all or any part of the requested information;

"(?) subject to the provisions of paragraph (\$\vec{p}\$) of this subsection, publish in the Federal Register at least annually a notice of the existence and character of the system of records, which notice shall include—

- "(A) the name and location of the system;
- "(B) the categories of individuals on whom rec-a ords are maintained in the system;
- "(C) the categories of records maintained in the
  - "(D) each routine use of the records contained in the system, including the categories of users and the purpose of such use;

- "(E) the policies and practices of the agency regarding storage, retrievability, access controls, retention, and disposal of the records;
- "(F) the title and business address of the agency official who is responsible for the system of records;
- "(G) the agency procedures whereby an individual can be notified at his request if the system of records contains a record pertaining to him;
- "(II) the agency procedures whereby an individual can be notified at his request how he can gain access to any record pertaining to him contained in the system of records, and how he can contest its content;

"(I) categories of sources of records in the system;

"(3) maintain all records which are used by the agency in making any determination about any individual with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the determination;

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- "(6) prior to disseminating any record about an individual to any person other than an agency, make reasonable efforts to assure that such records are accurate, complete, timely, and relevant;
- "(7) maintain no record describing how any individual exercises rights guaranteed by the first amendment unless expressly authorized by statute or by the individual about whom the record is maintained or unless pertinent to and within the scope of an authorized law enforcement activity;
- "(8) make reasonable efforts to serve notice on an individual when any record on such individual is made available to any person under compulsory legal process when such process becomes a matter of public record;
- "(9) establish rules of conduct for persons involved in the design, development, operation, or maintence of any system of records, or in maintaining any record, and instruct each such person with respect to such rules and the requirements of this section, including any other rules and procedures adopted pursuant to this section and the penalties for noncompliance;

"(N) establish appropriate administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to insure the security and confidentiality of records and to protect against any anticipated threats or hazards to their security or integrity which could result in substantial harm, embarassment, inconvenience, or unfairness to any individual on whom information is maintained.

"(p) at least 30 days prior to publication of information under paragraph (2)(D) of this subsection published in the Federal Register notice of the use or intended use of the information in the system, and provide an opportunity for interested persons to submit written data, views, or arguments to the agency

"(f) AGENCY RULES. In order to carry out the provi-

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sions of this section, each agency that maintains a system of records shall promulgate rules, in accordance with the requirements (including general notice) of section 553 of this title, which shall—

- "(1) establish procedures whereby an individual can be notified in response to his request if any system of records named by the individual contains a record pertaining to him;
- "(2) define reasonable times, places, and requirements for identifying an individual who requests his record or information pertaining to him before the agency shall make the record or information available to the individual;
- "(3) establish procedures for the disclosure to an individual upon his request of his record or information pertaining to him, including special procedure, if deemed necessary, for the disclosure to an individual of medical records, including psychological records, pertaining to him;
- "(4) establish procedures for reviewing a request from an individual concerning the amendment of any record or information pertaining to the individual, for making a determination on the request, for an appeal within the agency of an initial adverse agency determi-

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the agency may deem necessary for each individual to

be able to exercise fully his rights under this section; and

"(5) establish fees to be charged, if any, to any in-

dividual for making copies of his record, excluding the cost of any search for and review of the record.

The Office of the Federal Register shall annually compile and publish the rules promulgated under this subsection and agency notices published under subsection (e)(2) of this section in a form available to the public at low cost.

"(g)(1) Civil Remedies.—Whenever any agency

"(A) makes a determination under subsection
(d) (3) of this section not to amend an individual's record in accordance with his request, or fails to make such review in conformity with that subsection:

"(B) refuses to comply with an individual request under subsection (d) (l) of this section;

"(c) fails to maintain any record concerning any individual with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is necessary to assure fairness in any determination relating to the qualifications, character, rights, or opportunities of, or benefits to the individual that may be made on the basis of records and consequently a determination is made which is adverse to the individual; or

"(D) fails to comply with any other provision of this section, or any rule promulgated thereunder, in such a way as to have an adverse effect on an individual,

the individual may bring a civil action against the agency, and the district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction in the matters under the provisions of this subsection.

- "(2) (A) In any suit brought under the provisions of subsection (g) (1) (A) of this section, the court may order the agency. to amend the individual's record in accordance with his request or in such other way as the court may direct. In such a case the court may determine the matter de novo.
- "(B) The court may assess against the United States reasonable attorney fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred in any case under this paragraph in which the complainant has substantially prevailed.

"(?)(A) In any suit brought under the provisions of subsection (g)(1)(A) of this section, the court may enjoin the agency from withholding the records and order the production to the complainant of any agency records improperly withheld from him. In such a case the court shall determine the matter de novo, and may examine the contents of any agency records in camera to determine whether the records or any portion thereof may be withheld under any of the exemptions set forth in subsection (k) of this section, and the burden is on the agency to sustain its action.

- "(B) The court may assess against the United States reasonable attorney fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred in any case under this paragraph in which the complainant has substantially prevailed.
- "(4) In any suit brought under the provisions of subsection (g)-(l) (C) or (D) of this section in which the court determines that the agency acted in a manner which was intentional or willful, the United States shall be liable to the individual in an amount equal to the sum of--
  - "(A) actual damages sustained by the individual as a result of the refusal or failure, but in no case shall a person entitled to recovery receive

less than the sum of \$1,000; and
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"(B) the costs of the action together with reasonable attorney fees as determined by the court."

An action to enforce any liability created under this section may be brought in the district court of the United States in the district in which the complainant resides, or has his principal place of business, or in which the agency records are situated, or in the District of Columbia, without regard to the amount in controversy, within two years from the date on which the cause of action arises, except that where an agency has materially and willfully misrepresented any information required under this section to be disclosed to an individual and the information so misrepresented is material to the establishment of the liability of the agency to the individual under this section, the action may be bought at any time within two years after discovery by the individual of the misrepresentation.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize any civil action by reason of any injury sustained as the result of a disclosure of a record prior to the effective date of this section.

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"(h) RIGHTS OF LEGAL GUARDIANS.—For the purposes of this section, the parent of any minor, or the legal guardian of any individual who has been declared to be incompetent due to physical or mental incapacity or age by a court of competent jurisdiction, may act on behalf of the individual.

"(i) (1) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Any officer or employee of the Frited-States, who by virtue of his employment or official position, has possession of, or access to, agency records which contain individually identifiable information the disclosure of which is prohibited by this section or by rules or regulations established thereunder, and who knowing that disclosure of the specific material is so prohibited, willfully discloses the material in any manner to any person or

agency not entitled to receive it, shall be fined not more than \$5,000.

"(2) Any officer or employee of any agency who willfully maintains a system of records without meeting the notice requirements of subsection (e) (4) of this section shall be fined not more than \$5,000.

"(2) Any person who knowingly and willfully requests or obtains any record concerning an individual from an agency under false pretenses shall be fined not more than \$5,000.

"(j) GENERAL EXEMPTIONS.—The head of any agency may promulgate rules, in accordance with the requirements (including general notice)

 $\lambda$  of sections 553 (b)(1), (2), and (3), (c), and (e) of this title, to

exempt any system of records within the agency from any part of this section except subsections (b) (r)(2)(3) through (F) and (i) if the system of records is—



"(1) maintained by the Central Intelligence Agency; or

maintained by an agency or component thereof which performs as its principal function any activity pertaining to the enforcement of criminal laws, including police efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or to apprehend criminals, and the activities of prosecutors, courts, correctional, probation, pardon, or parole authorities, and which consists of (A) information, compiled for the purpose of identifying individual criminal offenders and alleged offenders and consisting only of identifying data and notations of arrests, the nature and disposition of criminal charges, sentencing, confinement, release, and parole and probation status; (B) information compiled for the purpose of a criminal investigation, including reports of informants and investigators, and associated with an identifiable individual; or (C) reports identifiable to an individual compiled at any stage of the process of enforcement of the criminal laws from arrest or indictment through release from supervision.

At the time rules are adopted under this/section, the agency shall include in the statement required under section 553 (c) of this title, the reasons why the system of records is tapperoved EmpRelease 2002/201/28 of CIA-RDP 76 M 00 527 R 00 07 00 1500 41-3

"(k) Specific Exemptions.—The head of any agency may promulgate rules, in accordance with the requirements (including general notice) of section 553 of this title, to exempt any system of records within the agency from subsections (c)(3), (d), (e)(1), (e)(f) (G) and (H), and (f) of this section if the system of records is—

"(1) subject to the provisions of section 552(b)(1) of this title;

"(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than material within the scope
of subsection (j)(2) of this section: Provided, however,
That if any individual is denied any right, privilege,
or benefit that he would otherwise be entitled by Federal
law, or for which he would otherwise be eligible, as
a result of the maintenance of such material, such material shall be provided to such individual, except to the
extent that the disclosure of such material would reveal
the identity of a source who furnished information to the

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"(7) evaluation material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, but only to the extent that the disclosure of such material would reveal the identity of a source who furnished information to the Government under an express promise that the identity of the source would be held in confidence, or, prior to the effective date of this section, under an implied promise that the identity of the source would be held in confidence.

At the time rules are adopted under this/section, the agency shall include in the statement required under section 553 (c) of this title, the reasons why the system of records is to. be exempted a provision of this section.

"(1) (1) Archival Records.—Each agency record which is accepted by the Administrator of General Services for storage, processing, and servicing in accordance with section 3103 of title 44 shall, for the purposes of this section, be considered to be maintained by the agency which deposited the record and shall be subject to the provisions of this section. The Administrator of General Services shall not disclose the record except to the agency which maintains the record, or under rules established by that agency which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section.

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"(2) Each agency record pertaining to an identifiable individual which was transferred to the National Archives of the United States as a record which has sufficient historical or other value to warrant its continued preservation by the United States Government, prior to the effective date of this section, shall, for the purposes of this section, be considered to be maintained by the National Archives and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section?

except that a statement generally describing such records (modeled after the requirements relating to records subject to subsections (e) (2) (A)-(G) of this section) shall be published in the Federal Register.

"(3) Each agency record pertaining to an identifiable individual which is transferred to the National Archives of the United States as a record which has sufficient historical or other value to warrant its continued preservation by the United States Government, on or after the effective date of this section, shall, for the purposes of this section, be considered to be maintained by the National Archives and shall be exempt from the requirements of this section except subsections (e) (2) (A)-(G) and (e) (9) of this section.

"(m) Government Contractors. -- When an agency provides by a contract for the operation by or on behalf of the agency of a system of records to accomplish an agency function, the agency shall, consistent with its authority, cause the requirements of this section to be applied to such system. For purposes of subsection (i) of this section any such contractor and any employee of such contractor, if such contract is agreed to on or after the effective date of this section, shall be considered to be an employee of an agency.

"(n) MAILING LISTS. -- An individual's name and address may not be sold or rented by an agency unless such action is specifically authorized by law. This provision shall not be construed to require the confidentiality of names and addresses otherwise permitted to be made public.

"(4) REPORT ON NEW SYSTEMS. -- Each agency shall provide adequate advance notice to Congress and the Office of Management and Budget of any proposal to establish or alter any system of records in order to permit an evaluation of the probable or potential effect of such proposal on the privacy and other personal or property rights of incividuals or the confidentiality of information relating to such individuals, and its effect on the preservation of the constitutional principles of federalism and separation of powers.

"() ANNUAL REPORT.—The President shall submit to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate, by June 30 of each calendar year, a consolidated report, separately listing for each Federal agency the number of records contained in any system of records which were exempted from the application of this section under the provisions of subsections (j) and (k) of this section during the preceding calendar year, and the reasons for the exemptions, and such other information as indicates efforts to administer fully

"(a) Effect of Other Laws. -- No agency shall rely on any exemption contained in section 552 of this title to withhold from an individual any record which is otherwise accessible to such individual under the provisions of this section. ".

Sec. 4. The chapter analysis of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting:

"552a. Records about individuals."

immediately below:

this section.

"552. Public information; agency rules, opinions, orders, and proceedings.".

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- Sec. 5. (a) (1) There is established a Privacy Protection Study Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission") which shall be composed of seven members as follows:
  - (A) three appointed by the President of the United States,
  - (B) two appointed by the President of the Senate, and
  - (C) two appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- Members of the Commission shall be chosen from among members of the public at large who, by reason of their knowledge and expertise in any of the following areas; civil rights and liberties, law, social sciences, and computer technology, business, and State and local government, are well qualified for service on the Commission.
  - (2) The members of the Commission shall elect a Chairman from among themselves.
  - (3) Any vacancy in the membership of the Commission, as long as there are four members in office, shall not impair the power of the Commission but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.
  - of the members, (1) A quorum of the Commission shall consist of a majority/ except that the Commission may establish a lower number as a quorum for the purpose of taking testimony. The Commission is authorized to establish such committees and delegate such authority to them

as may be necessary to carry out its functions. Each member of the Commission, including the Chairman, shall have equal responsibility and authority in all decisions and actions of the Commission, shall have full access to all information relating to the performance of their functions, and shall have one vote. Action of the Commission shall be determined by a majority vote of the members present. The Chairman (or a member designated by the Chairman to be acting Chairman) shall be the official spokesman of the Commission in its relations with the Congress, Government agencies, other persons, and the public, and, on behalf of the Commission, shall see to the faithful execution of the administrative policies and decisions of the Commission, and shall report thereon to the Commission from time to time or as the Commission may direct.

- (5) (A) Whenever the Commission submits any budget estimate or request to the President or the Office of Management and Budget, it shall concurrently transmit a copy of that request to Congress.
- (B) Whenever the Commission submits any legislative recommendations, or testimony, or comments on legislation to the President or Office of Management and Budget, it shall concurrently transmit a copy thereof to the Congress. No officer or agency of the United States shall have any authority to require the Commission to submit its legislative recommendations, or testimony, or comments on legislation, to any officer or agency of the United States for approval, comments, or review, prior to the submission of such recommendations, testimony, or comments to the Congress.

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Approved For Release 2002/01/28: CIA-ROP76M00527R000700150041-3 (b) The Commission shall--

- data processing programs, and information systems of governmental, regional, and private organizations, in order to determine the standards and procedures in force for the protection of personal information; and
- (2) recommend to the President and the Congress the extent, if any, to which the requirements and principles of section 552a of title 5, United States Code, should be applied to the information practices of those organizations by legislation, administrative action, or by voluntary adoption of such requirements and principles and report on such other legislative recommendations as it may determine to be necessary to protect the privacy of individuals while meeting the legitimate needs of government and society for information.
- (c) (l) In the course of conducting the study required under subsection (b) (l) of this section, and in its reports thereon, the Cormission may research, examine, and analyze--
  - (A) interstate transfer of information about individuals that is undertaken through manual files or by computer or other electronic or telecommunications means;
  - (B) data banks and information programs and systems the operation of which significantly or sub-Approved For Release 2002/01/28! Olayr 1976 M065270007064500413nd other personal and property rights of individuals:

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- Approved For Release 2002/01/28: CIA-RDP76M00527R000700150041-3 (C) the use of social security numbers, license plate numbers, universal identifiers, and other symbols to identify individuals in data banks and to gain access to, integrate, or centralize information systems and files; and
- (D) the matching and analysis of statistical data, such as Federal census data, with other sources of personal data, such as automobile registries and telephone directories, in order to reconstruct individual responses to statistical questionnaires for commercial or other purposes, in a way which results in a violation of the implied or explicitly recognized confidentiality of such information.
- (2)(A) The Commission may include in its examination personal information activities in the following areas: medical; insurance; education; employment and personnel; credit, banking and financial institutions; credit bureaus; the commercial reporting industry; cable television and other telecommunications media; travel, hotel, and entertainment reservations; and electronic check processing.
- (B) The Commission shall include in its examination a study of--
  - (i) whether a person engaged in interstate commerce who maintains a mailing list should be required to remove an individual's name and address from such list upon request of that individual;
  - (ii) whether the Internal Revenue Service should Approved For Release 2002/01/28: CIA-RDP76M00527R000700150041-3 be prohibited from transfering individually indentifiable

- (iii) whether the Federal Government should be liable for general damages incurred by an individual as the result of a willful or intentional violation of the provisions of sections 552a (g) (l) (C) or (D) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (iv) whether and how the standards for security and confidentiality of records required under section 552a (e) (10) of such title should be applied when a record is disclosed to a person other than an agency.
- (C) The Commission may study such other personal information activities necessary to carry out the congressional policy embodied in this Act, except that the Commission shall not investigate information systems maintained by religious organizations.
  - (3) In conducting such study, the Commission shall--
  - (A) determine what laws, Executive orders, regulations, directives, and judicial decisions govern the activities under study and the extent to which they are consistent with the rights of privacy, due process of law, and other guarantees in the Constitution;
  - (B) determine to what extent governmental and private information systems affect Federal-State relations or the principle of separation of powers;
  - (C) conduct a thorough examination of standards and criteria governing programs, policies, and practices relating to the collection, soliciting, processing, use, Approved For Release 2002/01/28; CIA-RDP76M00527R000700150041-3. access, integration, dissemination, and transmission of

- (D) to the maximum extent practicable, collect and utilize findings, reports, studies, hearing transcripts, and recommendations of governmental, legislative and private bodies, institutions, organizations, and individuals which pertain to the problems under study by the Commission.
- (d) In addition to its other functions the Commission may --
- (1) request assistance of the heads of appropriate departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government, of State and local governments, and other persons in carrying out its functions under this Act;
- (2) upon request, assist Federal agencies in complying with the requirements of section 552a of title 5, United States Code;
- (3) determine what specific categories of information, the collection of which would violate an individual's right of privacy, should be prohibited by statute from collection by Federal agencies; and
- (4) upon request, prepare model legislation for use by State and local governments in establishing procedures for handling, maintaining, and disseminating personal information at the State and local level and provide such technical assistance to State and local governments as they may require in the preparation and implementation of such legislation.

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- (e) (1) (A) The Commission may, in carrying out its functions under this section, conduct such inspections, sit and act at such times and places, hold such hearings, take such testimony, require by subpens the attendance of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, papers, correspondence, and documents, administer such oaths, have such printing and binding done, and make such expenditures as the Commission deems advisable. A subpens
- shall be issued only upon an affirmative vote of a majority and shall not be directed against any reads directed in a of all members of the Commission. Suppense shall be issued in under the signature of the Chairman or any member of the Gommission designated by the Chairman and shall be served by any person designated by the Chairman or any such member. Any member of the Commission may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before the Commission.
  - (B) In case of disobedience to a subpena issued under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the Commission may invoke the aid of any district court of the United States in requiring compliance with such subpena. Any district court of the United States within the jurisdiction where such person is found or transacts business may, in case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpena issued by the Commission, issue an order requiring such person to appear and testify, to produce such books, records, papers, correspondence, and documents, and any failure to obey the order of the court shall be punished by the court as a ACCOMMENT TO THE CASE 2002/01/28: CIA-RDP76M00527R000700150041-3

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(2) (A) Each department, agency, and instrumentality
of the executive branch of the Government is authorized to
furnish to the Commission, upon request made by the Chairman,
such information, data, reports and such other assistance
as the Commission deems necessary to carry out its functions
under this section. Whenever the head of any/department,
agency, or instrumentality submits a report pursuant to
section 552a (d) of title 5, United States Code, a copy
of such report shall be transmitted to the Commission.

- (B) In carrying out its functions and exercising its powers under this section, the Commission may accept from any Federal egency or other person any individually identifiable data if such data is necessary to carry out such powers and functions. In any case in which the Commission accepts any such information, it shall assure that the information is used only for the purpose for which it is provided and upon completion of that purpose such information shall be destroyed or returned to the agency or person from which it is obtained, as appropriate.
  - (3) The Commission shall have the power to--
  - (A) appoint and fix the compensation of an executive director, and such additional staff personnel as may be necessary, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification Approved Fra Release 2002/01/28 y Clark DB76 M9052 TROOT 2004 5004 13 in excess of the maximum rate for GS-18 of the General

(B) procure temporary and intermittent services to the same extent as is authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code.

The Commission may delegate any of its functions to such personnel of the Commission as the Commission may designate and may authorize such successive redelegations of such functions as it may deem desirable.

- (4) The Commission is authorized --
- (A) to adopt, amend, and repeal rules and regulations governing the manner of its operations, organization, and personnel;
- (B) to enter into contracts or other arrangements or modifications thereof, with any government, any agency or department of the United States, or with any person, firm, association, or corporation, and such contracts or other arrangements, or modifications thereof, may be entered into without legal consideration, without performance or other bonds, and without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5);
- (C) to make advance, progress, and other payments which the Commission deems necessary under this Act without regard to the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529); and
- (D) to take such other action as may be necessary Approved For Release 2002/01/28: CIA-RDP76M00527R000700150041-3 to carry out its functions under this section.

( ) as even; or indent

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(f) (l) The members of the Commission who exe

officers or employees of the United States shall serve without additional compensation, but shall continue to receive the salary of their regular position when engaged
in the performance of the duties vested in the Commission.

- (2) A member of the Commission other than one to whom paragraph (1) applies shall receive per diem at the maximum daily rate for GS-18 of the General Schedule when engaged in the actual performance of the dutes vested in the Commission.
- (3) All members of the Commission shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of the duties vested in the Commission.

- (g). The Commission shall, from time to time, and in an annual report, report to the President and the Congress on its activities in carrying out the provisions of this section. The Commission shall make a final report to the President and to the Congress on its findings pursuant to the study required to be made under subsection (b) (l) of this section not later than two years from the date on which all of the members of the Commission are appointed. The Commission shall cease to exist thirty days after the date on which its final report is submitted to the President and the Congress.
  - (h) (1) Any officer or employee of the Commission, who by virtue of his employment or official position, has possession of, or access to, agency records which contain individually identifiable information the disclosure of which is prohibited by this section, and who knowing that that disclosure of the specific material is so prohibited, willfully discloses the material in any manner to any person or agency not entitled to receive it, shall be fined not more than \$5,000.
  - (2) Any person who knowingly and willfully requests or obtains any record concerning an individual from the Commission under false pretenses shall be fined not more than \$5,000.

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- Sec. 6. The Office of Management and Budget shall--
  - (1) develop guidelines and regulations for the use of agencies in implementing the provisions of section 552a of title 5, United States Code, as added by section 3 of this Act; and
  - (2) provide continuing assistance to and oversight of the implementation of the provisions of such section by agencies.
- Sec. 7. (a) (1) It shall be unlawful for any Federal, State or local government agency to deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law because of such individual's refusal to disclose his social security account number.
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply with respect to--
  - (i) any disclosure which is required by Federal law, or
    - Federal, State, or local agency maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such disclosure was required under law or regulation adopted prior to such date to verify the identity of an individual.

(b) Any Federal, State, or local government agency which requests an individual to disclose his social security account number shall inform that individual whether that disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, by what statutory or other authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it.

(fand-what-rules of confidentiality will govern it)).

- Sec. 8. The provisions of this Act shall be effective on and after the date of enactment, except that the amendments made by sections 3 and 4 shall become effective 270 days following the day on which this Act is enacted.
- Sec. 9. There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of section 5 of this Act for fiscal years 1975, 1976, and 1977 the sum of \$1,500,000, except that not more than \$750,000 may be expended during any such fiscal year.

In lieu of the engrossed amendment to the title, insert the following:

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to amend title 5, United States Code, by adding a section 552a to safeguard individual privacy from the misuse of Federal records, to provide that individuals be granted access to records concerning them which are maintained by Federal agencies, to establish a Privacy Protection Study Commission, and for other purposes."

The Agency's statement on the study commission has been included in Representative Moorhead's floor statement on the bill.

PLC

SENATE PASSED 177-8) S.3418 LAST NIGHT.

HOUSE VOTE

SCHEDULED TO DAY

#### SUGGESTED FLOOR LANGUAGE

The Congress recognized the sensitivity of records maintained by the Central Intelligence Agency and exempted CIA from most of the provisions of the Act.

It is clear, therefore, that the Study Commission which this bill creates, in carrying out its statutory functions and powers, shall not impair the responsibility of the .....

Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods pursuant to the National Security Act of 1947.